Abstract

Results of the Korean National Private-Public Mix Tuberculosis Control Project: Analysis of the indicators for tuberculosis management in 2017-2019

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To manage tuberculosis (TB) patients treated by private medical institutions, the Korean government has been promoting a national Private-Public Mix (PPM) TB control project with the Korean Academy of Tuberculosis and Respiratory Diseases since 2011. This study analyzed the indicators for TB management reported by medical institutions participating in PPM TB control project from 2017 to 2019. The final treatment results were confirmed through observation for a total of five quarters by dividing the reported date by quarter.

As diagnositic tests and key indicators of the management rate of active TB patients, sputum smears (94.3%), culture tests (93.7%), and drug susceptibility tests (93.5%) were conducted. Major findings indicated that the compliance rate of initial standard treatment was high (93.6%). Further findings indicated that the treatment success rate for sputum acid-fast bacillus (AFB) positive patients was 84.9%; a decrease from 86.8% in 2018 to 84.7% in 2019.

Furthermore, the case investigation rate and contactor screening rate, which are indicators related to the early detection of active TB patients and TB prevention treatment, were high at approximately 98.4% and 90% (89.4% in adults and 91.8% in children) respectively. However, the rate of initiated latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI) treatment tended to be low at 53.8% in adults and 85.8% in children, requiring private and public cooperation to increase the rate of treatment for LTBI.

This study concluded that Korea's overall TB management indicators are improving, but some regions or institutions are still below the national average. To increase the success rate of TB treatment, measures to improve the target underachieving indicators through national PPM TB control project are required. In addition, improvements in TB management indicators will continue to be used as a basis for assessing the effectiveness of PPM control project.

Keywords: Tuberculosis (TB), Latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI), Private-public mix (PPM), TB control project, TB management indicators

Table 1. Status of the tuberculosis (TB) patient management under the national private-public mix (PPM) TB control project and new TB notification cases and rates, 2015-2019

		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
New TB notification cases (persons)		32,181	30,892	28,161	26,433	23,821
New TB notification rate (person/100,000 population)		63.2	60.4	55.0	51.5	46.4
PPM hospitals	New TB cases (person)	21,128	20,531	19,349	18,698	18,624
	Percentage management (%)	65.7	66.5	68.7	70.7	78.2
	Number of hospitals	127	128	127	127	161
	Number of TB specialist nurses	193	200	200	198	258

Table 2. Status of the active tuberculosis (TB) patient management under the national private—public mix (PPM) TB control project, 2017-2019

(Unit: %) Variable 2017 2018 2019 Total 98.5 Investigation performed rate 98.7 98.1 98.4 Case investigation Period compliance rate 99.6 99.7 99.7 99.7 94.9 94.8 94.3 Rate of tests performed 93.4 Sputum AFB smear test Rate of positive results 29.6 29.0 28.7 29.1 94.6 93.7 Rate of tests performed 92.2 94.4 Sputum AFB culture test Rate of positive results 60.1 60.8 60.3 60.4 Rate of total DST performed 93.2 93.6 93.8 93.5 Drug susceptibility test (DST) Rate of conventional method DST performed 91.9 92.7 93.2 92.6 Compliance rate of initial standard treatment Compliance rate of initial standard treatment 93.7 93.6 93.6 93.6 regimen regimen Treatment success rate among smear-Treatment success rate among smear-83.4 86.8 84.7 84.9 positive TB patients positive TB patients 2.3 2.4 2.2 2.3 Rate of treatment discontinuation Treatment discontinued/failed Rate of treatment failed 0.03 0.04 0.06 0.04

Table 3. Status of the close contacts management under the national private-public mix (PPM) TB control project, 2017-2019

(Unit: %, n) Variable 2017 2018 2019 Total Contacts investigation 87.0 89.5 91.9 89.4 Adult TB contacts LTBI screening rate 25.7 27.6 26.3 26.5 Rate of Contacts investigation /Rate of latent tuberculosis Initiated LTBI treatment rate 53.3 48.1 59.8 53.8 infection (LTBI) Rate of Contacts /Rate of initiated LTBI 89 4 93 1 93 4 91.8 investigation treatment Childhood TB LTBI screening rate 18.8 20.3 21.3 20.0 contacts Initiated LTBI treatment rate 81.9 85.8 90.0 85.8 Proportion of suspected TB and TB patients after Proportion of suspected TB and TB patients 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.5 contacts investigation 50.7 47.9 45.1 48.0 Rate of tests performed Sputum smear test for suspected TB Rate of positive results 4.9 4.9 5.1 5.5 Rate of tests performed 42.2 42.2 41.3 41.9 Sputum culture test for suspected TB Rate of positive results 6.9 6.0 10.1 7.7 Normal 11,271 12,938 14,434 Active TB 104 88 94 Final diagnosis of LTBI(Include inactive TB) 4,282 4,570 4,492 household Contact investigation program (n) 388 Other diseases 285 429 Not a contact 1 0 0 2.0 2.0 2.0 No. of individuals in an average household