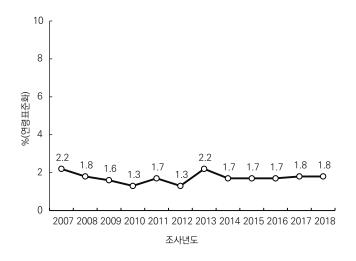
만성질환 통계

뇌졸중 의사진단경험률 추이, 2007~2018

◈ 만 30세 이상 뇌졸중 의사진단경험률(연령표준화)은 2007년 2.2%에서 2018년 1.8%로 최근 10여 년간 큰 변화 없었으며(그림 1), 연령대가 높을수록 뇌졸중 의사진단경험률도 증가하는 경향을 보였음(그림 2).



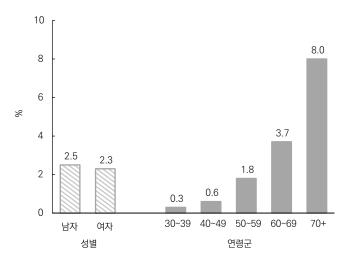


그림 1. 뇌졸중 의사진단경험율 추이, 2007~2018

그림 2. 연령구간별 뇌졸중 의사진단경험율, 2018

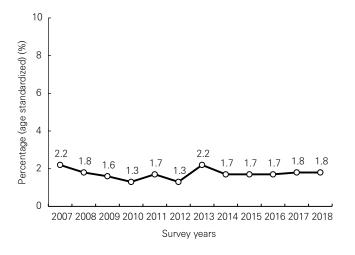
- * 뇌졸중 의사진단경험률: 의사로부터 뇌졸중을 진단받은 적이 있는 사람의 분율, 만 30세 이상
- † 그림1의 연도별 지표값은 2005년 추계인구로 연령표준화

출처: 2018년 국민건강통계, http://knhanes.cdc.go.kr/ 작성부서: 질병관리청 만성질환관리국 만성질환관리과

Noncommunicable Disease (NCD) Statistics

Trends in doctor's diagnosis rate of stroke, 2007–2018

• Doctor's diagnosis rate (age standardized) of stroke among Korean adults aged 30 years and over has remained unchanged over the past decade from 2,2% in 2007 to 1,8% in 2018 (Figure 1). The percentage was likely to get higher as age increased (Figure 2).



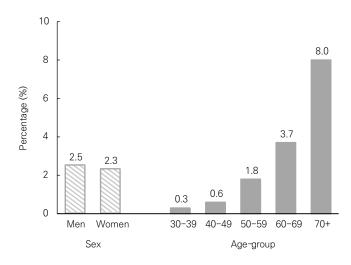


Figure 1. Trends in doctor's diagnosis rate of stroke, 2007–2018

Figure 2. Doctor's diagnosis rate of stroke by age group, 2018

Source: Korea Health Statistics 2018, Korea National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, http://knhanes.cdc.go.kr/Reported by: Division of Chronic Disease Control, Korea Disease Control and Prevention Agency

^{*} Trend in doctor's diagnosis rate of stroke: proportion of people who were diagnosed with stroke from doctor

[†] The mean in figure 1 was calculated using the direct standardization method based on a 2005 population projection.